

A SECOND MESSAGE

To Congress on the Hawaiian Question.

STATEHOOD FOR UTAH ALMOST ASSURED.

New Gold Discoveries in Utah.

FERGUSON DISTRICT BECOMING KNOWN.

Happenings in Salt Lake.

Special Dispatches to The Record.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—Silver, 70; Lead, 33.20.

SALT LAKE, Dec. 19.—A special dispatch from Washington says: "It is understood that a meeting of the Senate Committee on Territories is likely to be called before Thursday, the regular day of meeting, to consider the Statehood bill. Mayor Baskin is exceedingly anxious to be heard relative to the bill to increase the limit of indebtedness for Salt Lake. Several Senators express themselves to-day to the effect that in their judgment the Utah Statehood bill is certain to pass. It is possible that a bill for the admission of Oklahoma may be added to it, but in the opinion of Senators well qualified to judge, the bill will pass.

Senator Shoup introduced to-day the bill to permit Salt Lake City to increase its limit of indebtedness from four to six per cent.

The Utah sugar factory at Lehi yesterday passed the 3,500,000 pounds mark in its production of sugar this year and is running along smoothly. No more beets will be cut after Friday morning and the factory will probably close down for the season a few days after Christmas. The total production will not fall short of 3,750,000, and may go over these figures. The proposition to bond the company, the bonds to be floated in the East, was discussed at the board of directors meeting yesterday, and it was decided, in view of the splendid record made, to make an issue of bonds. The amount however, was not determined upon.

The sheep men of Salt Lake county will hold a meeting some day this week for the purpose of drawing up protests against the proposed legislation regarding wool.

The Liberal party has bowed to the inevitable and is now a thing of the past. At a meeting held in the theater last evening to discuss the question of disbanding, eloquent speeches were made by Judge Powers, Judge Goodwin, Stanton, Sommers, Denny and others urging this step. A resolution was adopted, urging the Senate to hasten the admission of Utah.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—President Cleveland's special message to Congress on the Hawaiian question, was presented to Congress yesterday. Commencing with an expression of the sentiment that right and justice should determine the course to be pursued in this matter, he proceeds to show that these have governed the administration in its treatment of the Hawaiian question. When it entered upon its duties, a treaty was under consideration by the Senate to annex the Hawaiian Islands to the United States. It contemplated a departure from the unbroken line of American tradition as to adding to our territory, islands more than 2,000 miles from our coast. It was a tender of ownership from a purported government which did not appear to have the support of the people, revolution or sanction of the suffragists. The haste with which everything connected with the matter was precipitated is dwelt upon, and dates are given to show that from the date of the plot to overthrow the Hawaiian government, to the time when the question of annexation was submitted to the Senate, there was but thirty-two days time including fifteen days consumed by the commissioners in traveling and the time expended in preparation with the Secretary of State. In presenting the subject to the Senate, President Harrison made statements which have since been demonstrated to be inaccurate, showing that he was misled by false misrepresentations as to the part taken by the United States forces. Accompanying the treaty was a protest from the deposed Queen showing that she had yielded to the power of the United States; therefore President Cleveland on taking office, withdrew the treaty for examination and then sent Commissioner Blount to inquire into the facts and make a full and impartial investigation. The character and qualifications of that commissioner are stated clearly by the President and the fact is dwelt upon that the evidence accompanying Blount's report fully substantiates what he conveyed therein. The history of the movement for annexation is given. Documentary proof is presented that Stevens, as minister of the United States, was in the plot. That he was working for annexation as early as March 1892. That he landed the United States forces before there was any provisional government set up. That he was requested to wait by the committee of safety, but that he had determined to land them anyhow and he did so. That they were ostensibly to protect the lives and property of American citizens, but really to overthrow the Queen and aid in the establishment of the revolution, the residences of the people to be protected being in another quarter of the city.

The President will not re-submit the annexation treaty to the Senate. He shows that without the consent of Congress, action was taken to overthrow a weak and confiding nation and that international morality is

not one law or principle regulating conduct toward a weak nation and another as to a strong nation, injustice has been done under authority of the United States which this government is bound in honor, to repair. The principles of universal justice must govern in this case no matter what may be the strength or weakness of the people affected.

SALT LAKE, Dec. 20.—Republican ward caucuses were held last night in the different precincts and delegates chosen to the city convention to-night, when nominations will be made to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Clarence W. Hall, who was elected to the legislature.

The grand jury at Beaver, on the Utah-Idaho border, for not paying juror's mileage, but the Marshal says the reason is the non-arrival of money from Washington.

Arthur Pratt has resigned as Territorial Auditor and Recorder of marks and brands.

A report comes from Eureka, Tintic, of a rich strike of gold bearing ore on the 200-foot level of the Bullion Beck mine. The rock is said to run as high as sixteen ounces to the ton in gold. It is ore that was passed over as unprofitable when this part of the mine was worked.

Another gold strike of unusual promise is reported as having been made two and one-half miles southwest of Tule, to the west of the Oquirrh range. The vein was discovered cropping out above the surface, on the 13th, and it was afterwards found by stripping to be three feet wide. The people of Tule have gone wild over the new strike; everybody is locating claims and they think they have another Camp Floyd district. The discovery is about two miles from the Utah & Nevada railroad and easy of access for shipping ore.

The Denver News of December 17th, says: "S. T. Godbe, son of W. S. Godbe, is now in the East. Mr. Godbe carries in his pocket a \$450,000 proposition that will astonish New York capitalists. He has succeeded in effecting a temporary lull in hostilities between two big mining companies both of which have located on a forty foot vein of mineralized quartzite. The companies have agreed to part with their bonuses if \$450,000 is offered. The ore has been developed, said he, to a depth of 250 feet, and at a moderate estimate, one million of clear profit is now in sight. More than \$50,000 has been received from ore shipped from the two properties, although this shipment required a wagon haul of 150 miles to the nearest railroad station. In coming to Denver, Mr. Godbe made a trip of thirty miles over the completed portion of the Nevada Southern railroad. He says the region for two hundred miles is waiting the advent of the railroad, to spring into being one of the most remarkable mining regions the world has ever known.

A special from Washington, regarding the Statehood question says: It is extremely improbable that the Senate Committee on Territories will be able to get up the Statehood bill before the holiday season. It is expected that action will be taken at the first regular sitting thereafter. The indications are that there will be little opposition to the passage of the bill, although an attempt will doubtless be made to tack on a rider admitting Oklahoma.

SALT LAKE, Dec. 21.—At the Republican convention held in this city last evening, C. S. Varian was nominated for the vacancy of Hall in the coming legislature. The Democratic primaries were held in the precincts last night and delegates chosen to their legislative convention to-night.

Yesterday the Salt Lake County Court appropriated one thousand dollars to the Midwinter Fair.

A private telegram from Washington last night says: "Senator Faulkner to-day received the following telegram: 'Salt Lake City, Utah, Dec. 19. Our Liberal friends formally dissolved their party last night and adopted resolutions urging you to pass our Statehood bill immediately. There is no opposition to our admission into the Union. Hasten the bill through the Senate and make us all happy. Heed no representations that the old conditions still exist. The practice of polygamy has been absolutely abandoned. It is forbidden by the authorities of the Mormon church, and any member contracting the relation would be subject to excommunication from that body. In our opinion, no revival of it will ever be attempted and if attempted would never succeed. Signed, Caleb W. West Governor, C. C. Richards Secretary of Utah, John W. Judd U. S. Attorney, Nat M. Brigham U. S. Marshal, Henry C. Lett Member Utah Commission.'

Another special states that Senator Faulkner yesterday called the Senate Committee on Territories together for this morning, when Mayor Baskin expects to appear and argue in favor of the bill to permit Salt Lake to increase her limit of indebtedness. Mayor Baskin will also argue before the Supreme Court later in the day.

A special dispatch from Kansas states that United States Marshal, R. L. Walker of Topeka, has returned from New York, where he succeeded in interesting several New York capitalists in his scheme to build a railroad from Salt Lake City, Utah to Los Angeles, Cal. Mr. Walker while in New York, completed the final details for the construction of the road, which he thinks will begin early next year. Walker says his company owns about 4000 acres of coal lands on the Canyon and Cedar mountains in Utah, Nevada and Southern California, and they propose to build the road which has already been surveyed, and will be about 700 miles in length. Said he: "Our coal beds are the nearest of all to the Southern California, and our coal supply would be shipped to that territory and could be sold there much cheaper than they are at present paying for it. The only way they get coal at present is by ships and it costs

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

Correspondence of THE RECORD.

WASHINGTON, December 4, 1893.

"Unless I am very much mistaken that man has all the symptoms of softening of the brain." The man who spoke those words was one of the few administration Senators, and he was referring to Mr. Cleveland whom he had just seen. Whether the Senator was right in his diagnosis your correspondent does not pretend to say, but it is becoming evident that Mr. Cleveland's friends think there is something the matter with him. His actions have of late certainly been queer. He is impatient, cross and almost insulting to the few Senators and Representatives he condescends to see at all, and when they afterwards get together and compare notes they find that life is changeable and inconsistent as well. Every discriminating person who has taken the trouble to compare the style of the literary work upon his annual message with that of his messages during his first administration must have discovered a great difference in them. This may, of course, be largely owing to the fact that Dan Lamont finds the duties of Deputy President so exacting that he has no time left to assist in the preparation of executive documents. Be that as it may, Mr. Cleveland's friends—he sees no one else, except in a public way—are certainly showing among themselves uneasiness about his mental condition.

The Democrats in the House are acting more like a lot of badly demoralized school boys than statesmen. They promised that the new tariff bill should be reported to the House on the first day of the session, and the bill has not yet been reported, although Mr. Wilson promises that it shall be this week. The Democrats of the Ways and Means Committee have already made dozens of minor changes in the tariff bill, thus acknowledging that it was not properly considered before it was made public. They are now squabbling among themselves about submitting the bill to a caucus before it is reported, and Democrats are openly saying that they will not vote for the bill unless certain industries in their districts are protected. The House committee on banking and currency, which has been wrestling with that plank of the Chicago platform, which promised the repeal of the tax on state bank currency, a plank, by the way, that Mr. Cleveland absolutely ignored in his message, has arrived at no conclusion, although its chairman—the much astute upon Springer of Illinois—has made public a hodge-podge of absurdities that could not possibly be carried into effect, even if they were enacted, showing what alleged progress the committee has made. The Democratic members of the Ways and Means Committee are at daggers points concerning the items that are to be included in the internal revenue bill, which ought to have been ready simultaneously with the Cleveland tariff bill. A majority of them favor a personal income tax, but they hesitate about incorporating it in the bill because of Mr. Cleveland's premature announcement, in his message, that the committee had agreed to tax the profits of corporations only. Meanwhile the holiday recess is in sight and nothing has been accomplished.

In obedience to the demand of the Senate resolution passed last week all of the Hawaiian documents will this week be sent to the Senate.

"Like master like man." Secretary Carlisle has refused the request made by officials of the G. A. R. that they be allowed to solicit contributions in the Treasury for a Christmas dinner to the indigent soldiers of that department.

The southern war claimants will have a snap if the bill which has been favorably reported from the Judiciary committee of the House ever becomes a law. The bill provides for the repeal of all laws making personal disloyalty a bar to claims against the Government for property destroyed during the rebellion, and gives all claimants whose cases were by reason of their disloyalty thrown out of the Court of Claims the right to revive their claims and to have the same rights and privileges in prosecuting them that would be extended to the man who was always loyal to the Government. Any person could recognize the jobbery in this bill, even if the Southern lobby, headed by ex-Congressman Hemphill, of South Carolina, were less conspicuous in its advocacy. That "there are millions in it," if it can be made a law, is apparent to all. Democratic reform will come high, but it will not last long.

The Democrats from the South voted almost solidly against the bankruptcy bill which was last week defeated in the House. It remains to be seen how they will treat the voluntary bankruptcy bill fathered by Representative Bailey of Texas, which that gentleman will endeavor to push to the front this week.

Good News.

A Salt Lake dispatch says: Three gigantic companies have filed incorporation articles with Territorial Secretary Richards. The Diamond Mining Company, with a capitalization of \$3,000,000, will operate eighteen large mines and claims in the Eureka district, Nevada. The Excelsior Mining Company, with a capital stock of \$3,000,000, will operate seven mines in the Eureka district, Nevada. This is principally a gold district, though silver is found in paying quantities.

General William Lilly, Congressman-at-large from the State of Pennsylvania, died on the 1st instant. As the entire election machinery of the State will be called into requisition it will cost \$300,000 to elect his successor. Polls will be opened in every precinct large and small throughout the State, the same as at a general State elec-

Work on the Nevada Southern to Commence Immediately.

The days of waiting seem to be over now, as far as the Nevada Southern is concerned. Faith now will be changed to sight and the surveyed route of the road will soon be alive with men. All the preliminary arrangements have been made, and as soon as men can be brought here, work will commence in earnest.

This is indeed most gratifying news to every one in this vicinity. While Vanderbilt himself could get along without the road being any nearer, yet it would not be nearly so prosperous an existence as now awaits it. The men who work on the road will center in Vanderbilt for at least three months, to say nothing of other and greater advantages.

It will always be an important point. Marvel will steadily increase in size and new towns will continually keep springing up. Keystone, and in fact, all the Good Springs district will receive new life. The Crescent properties and those at Crossman Springs, will increase in value, as will all mining properties along the line.

The man who has done more than any other to bring about this much-to-be-desired state of affairs is President Blake. At a time when banks were going to pieces, when money was being withdrawn from circulation and was being hoarded away in safety deposit boxes, Mr. Blake went to Los Angeles to raise \$80,000 for the putting through of a project, of the merits of which people knew little. He showed the best of judgment in going to Los Angeles, for that city is the one of all others that will be immediately and directly benefited by the success of the undertaking. He labored against all sorts of discouragements, but the unexpected difficulties which arose were readily met and overcome, and his efforts were successful. Much help was rendered to Mr. Blake by General Manager Seibert, whose influence has been of great value at many different times.

For the next few miles the work on the road will be heavy, as there are cuts and fillings to be made and a number of bridges to be built. But after Dry Lake is reached work will be very easy to State Line Pass. Those who have had faith in the road all along are now glad of it, and those who lost faith (they are very few) are now wondering what on earth they were thinking about.—Vanderbilt Shaft.

Last week a mill started at Salina, Kan., to manufacture wrapping paper from the wild Kansas sunflower, and the publisher of the Salina Republican celebrated the event by printing his entire edition on the first paper the mill made.—National Advertiser.

The horrors of war are told of by an old Mexican ex-soldier—CASA GRANDE. For himself he shows three scars, each over a foot long. Two are from shoulder to hip, another diagonally across one leg. He says that in Mexico during war the soldiers kill their wounded comrades on the field. After, or during battle, rounds are made and the wounded ones placed beyond their misery. This, its brutality aside, is an economical method, both from a working and financial standpoint. It does away with hospitals and hospital corps, and saves pensions, soldiers' homes, etc., etc. The old Mexican in question was probably considered dead enough for all purposes as he was.—Albuquerque Citizen.

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THIS UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES to the people of Pioche and Lincoln county that their New Drug Store, on Main street two doors south of the Goodie Mercantile Store, is now open with a new stock.

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SUMMONS.

In Justice Court Helene Township, of the County of Lincoln, State of Nevada. Charles Garrett & Co., Plaintiffs, against D. Barthol and James Hutchinson, of Barthol Saw Mill Co., Defendants. You are hereby summoned to appear before me, a Justice of the Peace in and for Helene Township, County and State aforesaid, at my office in Helene, on the 23rd day of December A. D. 1893, at ten o'clock A. M. of that day, to answer the complaint of Charles Garrett & Co. wherein they claim to recover from you the sum of one hundred and twenty-one and thirty-one hundredths dollars for goods supplied and money loaned, as per account on file in my office. And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the complaint as aforesaid, judgment will be taken against you for the sum of one hundred and twenty-one and thirty-one hundredths dollars and cost of suit. To the Sheriff or any Constable of said county, Greeting: Make legal service and due return hereof. Given under my hand this 4th day of November, 1893. JUSTICE OF PEACE OF SAID TOWNSHIP.



A Racking Cough

Cured by Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Mrs. P. D. HALL, 217 Genessee St., Lockport, N. Y., says:

"Over thirty years ago, I remember hearing my father describe the wonderful curative effects of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. During a recent attack of La Grippe, which assumed the form of a catarrh, soreness of the lungs, accompanied by an aggravating cough, I used various remedies and prescriptions. While some of these medicines partially alleviated the coughing during the day, none of them afforded me any relief from that spasmodic action of the lungs which would seize me the moment I attempted to lie down at night. After ten or twelve such nights, I was

Nearly in Despair, and had about decided to sit up all night in my easy chair, and procure what sleep I could in that way. It then occurred to me that I had a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I took a spoonful of this preparation in a little water, and was able to lie down without coughing. In a few moments, I fell asleep, and awoke in the morning greatly refreshed and feeling much better. I took a teaspoonful of the Pectoral every night for a week, then gradually decreased the dose, and in two weeks my cough was cured."

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Prompt to act, sure to cure

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